



ALEXANDRIA VA.

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22.

THE PHILADELPHIA RECORD SAYS:

"Any restriction of the right of suffrage under the provisions of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States operates to reduce the basis of State representation in Congress. It is this consideration that mainly operates to deter the constitutional convention in Mississippi from adopting either an educational or a property test for the qualification of electors."

The Record, though democratic, and one of the best friends the South has in the North, labors under what, strange as it may seem, appears to be a natural inability of northern people to acquire correct knowledge of southern affairs. The only reason that prevents the constitutional convention of Mississippi from adopting an educational test for suffrage, is the fact that it is specially prohibited from doing so by the act of the republican Congress re-admitting Mississippi into the Union, and that, too, though the United States Supreme Court has decided that the State was never out of the Union, and though Massachusetts and other northern States do impose such a test. If the republican Congress would repeal that act, the negro question would be settled in short order, for though the South would lose a large share of her congressional representation by imposing an educational test upon suffrage, she would willingly stand that loss in order to secure peace and tranquility at home.

DURING THE debate in the Senate yesterday on the tariff bill Mr. Vest produced the price lists of American agricultural implements at Buenos Ayres, and compared them with the prices of identical the same implements in the United States, to show that they were sold in South America at prices much below those at which they were sold at home. The same fact, he said, existed as to Canada and Mexico, so that American manufacturers were "plundering the people of the United States under the protective tariff." Every word he said was true as gospel, but, of course, it had no effect upon the republican majority of the Senate, so the tax on the articles referred to was allowed to remain as printed in the bill. And yet the high tax advocates tell the farmers the protective tariff is laid for their especial benefit. In doing so they insult the intelligence of the men to whom their remarks are addressed.

WHEN THE Force bill was in Congress before, Senators Hoar and Everts opposed it with all the little real ability they possessed. But their hate for the people of the South, or their desire to render themselves "solid" with the other South-haters of their section, has increased with their years, so that now, when everybody else knows they are lagging superfluous on the stage, they have become the most pronounced advocates of that bill. Their friends hope that they may not experience such a realizing sense of the ill effects of the doctrine that a modern politician can't afford to be consistent, as Commissioner Raum, the author of that doctrine, is now enduring.

NOW THAT another election is approaching in Idaho, U. S. deputy marshals are overrunning that part of the State inhabited by Mormons, arresting that class of citizens, all of whom are democrats, by the hundred, for alleged election crimes committed two years ago. The republicans in the northern democratic States will be pursuing a similar course toward their democratic fellow-citizens before long. The latter will then experience a realizing sense of what the white people of the South have endured for so long that they have become accustomed to it, and accept it now as a matter of course.

THE DELEGATES to the State Farmers' Alliance of Virginia, recently in session at Lynchburg, are wiser men than their allies in South Carolina and Georgia and some of the other southern States, for in the resolutions they adopted they wisely ignored the sub-treasury scheme. They would have been wiser had they condemned that scheme, as one calculated to harm the farmers more than any other class of the country's population.

AT THE meeting of the G. A. R. in Boston last week General Butler and Congressman Boutelle expressed a desire for authority to hang or shoot any body who exhibited a Confederate flag, and were loudly applauded therefor. Evidently the G. A. R. doesn't want bygone to be bygone. But such a feeling is not patriotic, for hate as well as love begets its like, and a fire is rekindled if its embers be stirred.

IT IS pointed that Mr. John I. Davenport, with two clerks, spent the whole of last Sunday in the census bureau at Washington, examining the reports to be issued from that bureau. If Johnny and the superintendent of censuses were democrats, and this were a democratic administration, the republican howls such an unbecoming and questionable proceeding would evoke, would be terrible to hear.

THE Baltimore American says: "Baltimore sells more goods to the South than she ever did." But, all the same, the American urges Congress to pass the Force bill, which would so cripple the industries and business of the South that she would soon have no money with which to buy goods in Baltimore or

any where else. The American is not doing the trade of Baltimore any good.

THE SILVERITES are attributing the recent rise in the price of wheat to the advance in that of silver, caused by the passage of the silver bill by the American Congress, utterly unaware of, or else willfully ignoring, the true cause, an anticipated short crop in the great wheat producing section of this country, as well as in that of Russia, India and Egypt.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 22, 1890.

Senator Hoar told an acquaintance this morning that the Force bill or national election bill, as he calls it, never had been in a more favorable condition than it is to-day. Senator Allison told a friend of his the same bill might be laid over till next session. Another republican Senator told one of his friends that the result of the caucus last night was a determination to let the Quay resolution rest unacted upon, and to allow the tariff debate to proceed until the 15th of September, and as two weeks will be allowed for it to remain in conference, to adjourn the session about the 1st of October. Then to request the President to reconvene Congress immediately in extra session, and that upon the assembling of that session to proceed at once with the election bill; and that a committee was appointed to formulate its determination, and submit it to the democratic managers as soon as possible. Whether what the U. S. Senator referred to says be true or not, there is no doubt of the fact that a republican caucus committee was in session a long time to-day. The general impression on both sides of the Capitol is that the Force bill is dead; but if so, why Mr. Hoar should say it never was in more favorable condition than now is hard to tell. The idea of calling an extra session in November, when the regular session meets in December, is absurd for many reasons, and to be called for the express purpose of taking up the Force bill, is especially so, as no democratic Senator would return here for any such purpose, nor would several republican Senators, and so the Senate would be without a quorum. Nor would the democrats be willing to agree to any arrangement by which the Force bill should, by their votes, have any time specified for its consideration.

The following changes in the 4th class postoffices of Virginia were made to-day: Golden Spring, Buchanan county, Mattie L. Graham, appointed postmaster, vice W. K. Smyth, resigned; Hartwood, Stafford county, Wm. F. Graves, vice M. E. Rollins, resigned; Marionville, Northampton county, John E. Fowler, vice N. P. Bell, resigned.

As to-morrow has been assigned in the Senate as the day for eulogies on the late Senator Beck, the Senate will not meet on that day until noon.

A communication sent by the Secretary of the Interior to the Senate committee on Territories to-day to the effect that the poor deluded negroes who were induced to go to Oklahoma in order to make that Territory a republic are the chief sufferers by the same now alleged to be prevailing there.

The investigation of the charges against Mr. Raum, commissioner of pensions, was resumed to-day. Mr. Cooper reappearing and conducting the examination. Raum again refused to answer some of the questions, and those he did answer, answered in such a way as to contradict himself, and convince all disinterested witnesses that he was not telling the truth.

Congressman Wilson, of West Virginia, who attended the recent democratic congressional convention at Leesburg, in the Alexandria district, says he was never at a convention the result of which seemed to afford more general satisfaction.

Congressman Waddill of the Richmond, Virginia district, says there is nothing in the nomination of Mr. Wise by the democrats of that district to change his, Waddill's, previously expressed determination not to be a candidate for Congress next fall. He says that in a few days he may make public his views on the political situation in the Richmond district.

The assistant U. S. attorney for the District of Columbia, says the grand jury of the District had so much business that it did not have time to consider the charges brought by the civil service commission against Newton and Verser, members of the O. D. Dominion republican league of this city, for collecting political assessments from federal office holders in 1888.

## Scarcity of Money.

The Secretary of the Treasury announces by circular that the department will receive and redeem at par 4 1/2 per cent. bonds to an amount not exceeding \$20,000,000. On or immediately after September 1 the owners of such bonds will be prepaid all the interest to and including August 31 of next year without rebate or interest. The director of the mint, at Washington, has ordered immediate payment for bullion purchases, which will release a million of dollars. These orders are intended for the relief of the New York money market. The rates for money in New York yesterday were the highest known for some years, ranging from 4 to 180 but 5 per cent. was the rate at the close. While there are honest differences of opinion as to the cause of the financial stringency, many persons assert that the peculiar fiscal policy of the dominant political party in the United States is directly responsible. There was a real old-fashioned bear market in Wall street yesterday and the decline of every stock on the list was heavy, and continued until within a quarter of an hour of the close, when there was something of a rally, caused by shorts covering, on the idea that something must be done by the Treasury to relieve the monetary stringency. The heavy decline was due to tight money alone.

## From Central America

A dispatch from Salvador says President Ezeta, of Salvador, will decline the proposed terms of the treaty of peace with Guatemala and hostilities between these countries may be renewed. Ezeta objects to the proposed place to place the late vice president, Dr. Ayala, in the presidential chair, and says Ayala is a traitor.

Senator Cruz, the Minister from Guatemala to the United States, received the following dispatch from his government yesterday: "Guatemala victorious. Peace signed yesterday between Guatemala and Salvador. Ayala will be president of Salvador instead of Ezeta until legal election takes place."

General Ignacio B. Alatorre has been appointed by President Diaz, of Mexico as a special Minister to Central America, resident in Guatemala, with confidential instructions to act as mediator in the affairs between San Salvador and Guatemala.

Mrs. Emma M. Cobb, widow of Colonel Norval Cobb, of Virginia, died at the Woman's Confederate Home in Baltimore yesterday.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

An explosion in the Standard Cartridge Factory at Blue Island, Illinois, yesterday killed three men and seriously injured thirteen.

Clauses in the meat inspection bill which has just passed Congress give the President full power to prohibit all imports from any country discriminating against American pork.

In the U. S. Senate yesterday the tariff debate was continued. Mr. Faulkner, of West Virginia, making a lengthy speech against the bill. The House was engaged on the eight-hour and laid aside.

At White Stone, L. I., yesterday, three young men and three girls from New York started on the bay in a row boat. Through mismanagement the boat was upset, and five of the party were drowned.

The Lebanon Valley, Pa., was again visited by a cyclone yesterday evening, the second within 48 hours. Unlike that of Tuesday evening, there was no loss of life, but the damage to property was very heavy.

During a storm in Philadelphia yesterday the wall of a car stable was blown down and four persons were crushed to death. Nine others were injured, and it is feared that other persons may be found buried beneath the ruins.

Annie Staken, the girl who was nearly murdered by Peter McCrory, her jealous lover, at Louisville, Ky., four weeks ago, ran off from home and married McCrory last night. McCrory will escape punishment, as the girl cannot testify against him.

The announcement that 16,000 bushels of American wheat at Liverpool had been ordered to be reshipped to Baltimore, created a considerable stir among grain men yesterday. Believers in the present values of wheat said the transaction looked like a bear move to weaken prices.

A coroner's inquest into the death of Patrick Harris, the well known theatrical manager, whose sudden death at Bayshore, L. I., was announced yesterday, revealed the fact that the "sudden death" was the result of a deliberate and carefully planned suicide, Harris having shot himself.

Hon. Isaac P. Christy, ex-supreme justice of Michigan, ex-Senator, and ex-minister to Peru under President Hayes, is dying at his home in Lansing, Mich. He is seventy-three years old, and several years ago married in Washington Miss Lungebeek, formerly of this city, who, a few years subsequent, committed suicide.

The home of Alfred Wilkinson, Jr., fiancé of Miss Winnie Davis, at James Hill, near Syracuse, N. Y., was destroyed by fire yesterday, occasioned by the explosion of benzine used by laborers in cleaning wood-work. Two laborers were fearfully injured by the explosion. Many valuable paintings and much of the furniture was saved, but the house is a ruin. The loss is \$30,000.

The President is reported to have said that in his judgment the claim of the United States to the seals in Behring sea was a perfect one, and that he would insist upon the fullest rights of the government being maintained as a matter of national honor. Convinced of the justice of the Behring sea claim, he advocates a vigorous policy. He is tired of negotiations and is opposed to arbitrating the question of the government's right to protect for seals.

During the rain-storm last night an electric light wire became crossed with a telegraph wire and completely wrecked the Stock Exchange telegraph machines in Lewis Johnson & Co.'s bank in Washington, besides starting a small fire in the bank, which occasioned damage to the extent of \$100. At the same time it destroyed a telegraph instrument in the main office of the Western Union Company, with which the telegraph wire was connected.

Will Mr. Hume be an Independent Candidate?

[From the Warrenton Virginian]

Will there be an independent candidate for Congress in this district?

We think not; that is we do not believe the gentleman most frequently mentioned in that connection will be such a candidate. Mr. Hume is a kind hearted, benevolent man, with a host of friends. He was a gallant soldier and every fibre of his nature would shrink from the act of turning against his friends in peace and his comrades in war.

Besides this Mr. Hume is a very intelligent man and while he has many friends who would delight to see him in Congress he knows that the nomination of General Lee will give very general satisfaction to the democrats in the district, and he knows, at any rate we have ascertained, that in King George and Stafford where some stir was made the democrats are practically more united than they have been for years.

Under these circumstances an independent candidate could not poll anything like the full republican vote, and he would have to have it all and many democratic votes besides to be elected. Who doubts that in a race between a straight out democrat and an independent democrat that the former would get many republican votes? With the democratic party solid as it hardly ever has been before the result could not be questioned. But be this as it may, granting that an independent could be elected—from our knowledge of Mr. Hume we venture the assertion that there is no more chance of his becoming an independent candidate than there is of his going to sea on a shingle.

## The Force Bill Goes Over.

Every republican Senator now in Washington was represented at the conference held last night at the residence of Senator McMillan, on Vermont avenue, either in person or by proxy. After the presentation of various views the duty of arranging an order for the Quay resolution and the other pending propositions was assigned to a committee with Senator Hoar as chairman. This committee is to prepare a resolution to be offered in place of the Quay resolution. The tariff, it is said, is to include a vote on the tariff bill and upon certain other measures named in the Quay resolution. The election bill will go over until the next session, when the republicans will try to make the first measure considered when Congress re-assembles in December.

THE LOUDOUN FAIR.—The seventh annual fair of the Loudoun Live Stock Association begins on their grounds near Leesburg on Tuesday next. The grounds have been put in first-class shape, several new buildings, including additional stables, have been erected and every accommodation provided for exhibitors and visitors. The Mirror says: "A large number of entries of stock, horses, etc., have already been made and more are coming in; for the races some thirty or forty horses have been nominated to start, and there are several entries for the exhibition jumps. Altogether everything points to a successful and interesting exhibition, and with good weather on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday we have no doubt these expectations will be realized."

There were produced in Virginia during the year ending June 30, 1890, 302,447 tons of pig-iron, against 197,006 for the year 1889.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. Susan Myers, wife of Fenton Myers, died at her home in Hamilton this morning.

Charles Rawles, who shot John Stone some weeks ago in Pittsylvania and fled to Texas, has been captured.

The Senate yesterday confirmed the nomination of W. G. Riley, of Virginia, to be consul at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela.

The twenty first annual session of the Medical Society of Virginia will meet at the Rockbridge Alum Springs on Tuesday, Sept. 24.

James V. Brook, Jr., formerly of the Warrenton bar, but for eight years a citizen of Dakota, has been nominated as attorney-general by the democrats of North Dakota.

Dr. Alexander Barr, the democratic nominee for Lieutenant-Governor of Nebraska, was born in Fauquier county, Virginia, in 1840. He went to Nebraska in 1865 where he has practiced medicine ever since.

Two negroes, George Early and Bird Woods, are to hang to-day at Rocky Mount for incendiarism. A third negro, William Brown, is to hang September 19th, to which day Nannie Woods, a negro woman, has been respite.

Miss A. V. Wilson and Miss Mattie V. Dorsey, missionaries under the auspices of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church South, left Charlottesville, Va., yesterday, for Chihuahua, Mexico. Miss Wilson will be the principal of the Palmer Institute there. She is a sister of Bishop A. W. Wilson.

Martin J. J. Mahoney, traveling salesman of the wholesale liquor house of J. & E. Mahoney, of Portsmouth, whose distillery is near this city, yesterday fell over the thirty foot wall on Jefferson street, at Lynchburg, while carelessly sitting on the wooden railing. His physicians say that he is seriously injured in the back and otherwise internally.

The sale of the personal property of the late Henry Heaton, in Loudoun last week, was largely attended, the bidding was spirited, and the stock and other property brought good prices. The Mirror says: "Alpridge cows sold as high as \$90, and spring calves brought \$25 and \$30. The horses also brought good prices. The sale of personal property, not including the grain, amounted to about \$11,000."

## POLITICAL.

Mr. McComas was unanimously nominated for Congress yesterday at Oakland, Md., by the republicans of the Sixth district.

The republicans of the third district of West Virginia yesterday nominated Theo. Gaines for Congress over Maj. McGinnis.

Mayor E. B. Ford, of San Francisco, was yesterday nominated for Governor of California by the democratic State convention.

Gen. Henry A. Barnum, of New York, announced that the mission of the Grand Army of the Republic is to elect Gen. Russell A. Alger President, and that President Harrison is out of the race.

It is said that Congressman Bowden, of the Norfolk, Va., district, has captured the republican committee of that district by giving every one of them an office except Mr. Alvah H. Martin, who opposed him.

Independent republicans in Pennsylvania have organized to defeat the republican candidate for Governor, and Wharton Barker, of Philadelphia, one of their leaders is emphatic in his declaration that Delamater will be beaten.

Hon. George D. Wise, who was recommended by the democrats Tuesday, has published a card announcing to the people of his district that after this contest he will not again be a candidate for Congress. In making this announcement Mr. Wise reviewed the arbitrary manner in which the republican majority in the House treated him this session. But for this fact he would not have been, he says, a candidate for a renomination this year. The democrats feel, no doubt, that Mr. Wise will be re-elected by a larger majority probably than any congressional candidate in his district has received for many years.

It is an open secret that the judiciary committee of the Mississippi State convention, to whom was referred the constitutionality of the fundamental conditions embraced in the act of Congress of 1870 readmitting Mississippi to the Union, will give it as their opinion that such conditions are unconstitutional and that Congress had no right to impose the same. Notwithstanding this probable action of the judiciary committee it is by no means likely that any educational or property qualification will be incorporated into the new constitution. At yesterday's session a proposition was submitted to confer the right of suffrage upon women. The woman suffrage idea is growing in favor among the best minds of the convention and unless safely from negro supremacy can be reached by other methods, Mr. Fewell's plan or one similar to it will be adopted.

Belford's Magazine for September has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: The Race Problem, I. The Negro Will Solve It, by T. Thomas Fortune; II. The Physiology of the Race Question, by J. T. Kearney, M. D.; Winning a Wife in Louisiana in the Olden Time, A Shadow, Gymnastic Systems, The Recent English Impress on American Life, At Ereldonne, Celebrated Men of the Day, When Twilight Falls, No Chaperon Need Apply, Editors that I have Known, A Plea for State Rights, Mr. Edmund's Story, Is the Earth a Snow-Ball? President Lincoln's Entry into Richmond, Sacrificing, Toward and the Tariff, Intellectual Cave-Dwellers, Memoirs and Memories of John C. Fremont, The Truth about Barbara Fritchile, Woman from her own Standpoint, Hon. Lyman Trumbull on Stephen A. Douglas, Love and Reason, Civil Service Reform, The Referendum, Protection and Free-Trade, Twilight, A Desperate Game, The Longest War, A Friend of the Negro, Sovereign Authority and Delegated Power, Passing Notes, Brice-a-Brac and Reviews, among them one of The Kreutzer Sonata, by Count Leo Tolstoy.

THE ALLIANCE PLATFORM.—The State Farmers' Alliance at Lynchburg adjourned last night after adopting a platform advocating among other things free and unlimited coinage of silver, the reduction of tariff taxation to the necessities of the Government and that capital, bonds, etc., shall be required to bear a share of taxes. It declares that the Alliance will not support for any office the representatives or paid attorneys of railroads, transportation companies, or other corporations, and will demand pledges from all candidates for office that they will not accept free passes upon railroads or other transportation lines.

After selecting Richmond as the place for the next meeting, the convention adjourned sine die.

MOY PREVENTIVES.—Gum Camphor, White Tar Paper and Mox Balls at  
J. T. CREGGINGTON & SON.

SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES AND RAKES, of all quantities, call and examine at 328 King street, corner of Royal.

A PINT BOTTLE OF LUNT'S OPERA CO. LOGNE only costs \$1.



## ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 22.  
SENATE.

The Senate met at 10 a. m. As there was evidently no quorum present the fact was called to the attention of the presiding officer (Mr. Ingalls). The roll was called and 37 Senators (less than a quorum) answered to their names. Within five minutes a quorum was obtained and business was proceeded with.

Mr. Plumb's resolution to prohibit the sale of liquors in the Senate restaurant was taken up, but in the absence of its author it went over till to-morrow without action.

The consideration of the tariff bill was then resumed.

Mr. McPherson inquired why "sporting rifles" (paragrah 163) were to be taxed only 25 per cent. ad valorem while shot guns were to be taxed at a very high rate. Why, he asked, should not the "sporting rifle" industry be protected as well as the "shotgun" industry?

Mr. Hawley made a remark to the effect that Mr. McPherson was as much mistaken about that matter as he was about all other tariff matters. That Senator ought to know that Americans made the best rifles in the world, made the best use of them and wanted no additional protection.

"Let not the Senator from Connecticut trouble himself about my mistakes," said Mr. McPherson.

"Do we not also make the best shot guns in the world?" queried Mr. Vance.

"We think we do," Mr. Aldrich replied.

Then, said Mr. Vance in his usual droll style, we make the best rifles in the world, and therefore we only want 25 per cent. protection. We make the best shot guns in the world, and therefore we want 115 per cent. protection.

Mr. Blair—The Senator should not make such a statement about shot guns, an article of southern consumption. [Laughter.]

Mr. Vance moved to amend paragraph 168 (relating to horse shoe nails, hob nails and other wrought iron or steel nails not specially provided for) by reducing the rate from 4 cents a pound to 35 per cent. ad valorem. Rejected.

Mr. Carlisle presented a bill of sale for a gross of knives to a foreign purchaser in which the stipulation was printed in red ink "that the goods shall not be sold in the United States."

## HOUSE.

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, submitted the conference report on the bill making an appropriation for an increased clerical force to carry out the provisions of the dependent pension law.

The conference report was agreed to. Senate bill was passed exempting James and Julius Lansburgh, of the District of Columbia, from the operation of the alien land laws.

The report of the committee on rivers and harbors on the Senate amendment to the river and harbor bill, recommending non-concurrence in these amendments, and agreeing to the conference asked by the Senate was submitted.

The House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the measure.

## Senate Order of Business.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 22.—The committee appointed at the republican senatorial conference last night to arrange an order of business to take the place of the Quay resolution, has been in session since the Senate met, but has not yet concluded its deliberation. The committee consists of Messrs. Hoar, Allison, Everts, Plumb, Spooner, Hale and Allen.

The committee has reached a conclusion upon the order of business, but some details remain to be settled. The tariff bill after a date to be fixed is to be considered under the five minute rule until a vote is taken. The date of this has not been decided, and will be subject to arrangement with the democrats. It is expected that the vote will be reached about the 5th of September. After the tariff bill is out of the way, then the other measures named in Senator Quay's resolution are to be taken up and disposed of. The election bill, as stated last night, will come up the first thing after the reassembling of Congress in December, but the time at which a vote shall be taken is reserved for future consideration. The arrangement for the disposition of this bill, it is said, does not depend upon the consent of the minority, but is wholly a republican scheme, and includes a change of the rules by which the previous question may be ordered.

## The Central Railroad Strike.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Commissioner Donovan, of the State board of arbitration, reached the Grand Central depot this morning and went at once to the office of Mr. Webb, where a short interview was held, but no conclusion was reached. It is understood that the board will at once investigate the strike, which it has the power to do.

## Foreign News.

VIENNA, Aug. 22.—The Duchy of Styria was visited by a hurricane yesterday and much damage was done. At Graz, the buildings in which the national exhibition was being held were completely wrecked.

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 22.—Senator Lopez, minister of finance, and Gen. Lavalle, minister of war, have resigned.

## A Runaway Car.

READING, Pa., Aug. 22.—A runaway car on the Mount Penn gravity railroad which ascends the mountain near here, darted down a five minute declivity at 11 o'clock this morning, killing six persons and injuring many others.

Fred. J. Grimmer, assistant city editor of the Detroit Free Press, was assaulted on the subway by an Italian fruit vender who said Grimmer had taken one more plum than he had paid for.

## Telegraphic Brevities.

Prof. Frederick Henry Hedge, D. D., LL. D., of Harvard University, died yesterday aged 85 years.

The Wilkesbarre, Pa., board of trade has taken action looking to the relief of the sufferers by Tuesday's cyclone.

Two unknown men were drowned in the lake off Buffalo, N. Y., last night by their boat being swamped in a squall.

Thomas J. Geary was nominated last night as the democratic candidate for Congress in the first California district. The third district democratic convention of Iowa nominated Carl F. Couch for Congress yesterday.

An immense crowd was present at the opening of the Blue Glass Palace Exposition at Creston, Ia., yesterday. A grand parade was a feature of the occasion. Governor Boies and Hon. Roger C. Mills, of Texas, occupied seats on the platform, the latter receiving an ovation.

Judge Rose of North Dakota has rendered a decision in the original package case holding that the law when enacted was unconstitutional. It is decided, however, that original package dealers are amenable to the State laws if they permit liquor sold in original packages to be drunk on the premises.

## LEMON ELIXIR.

## A Pleasant Lemon Drink.

For biliousness and constipation, take Lemon Elixir.

For indigestion and foul stomach, take Lemon Elixir.

For sick and nervous headache, take Lemon Elixir.

For sleeplessness and nervousness, take Lemon Elixir.

For loss of appetite and debility, take Lemon Elixir.

For fevers, chills and malaria, take Lemon Elixir.

Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach, kidneys, bowels or blood. Prepared only by Dr. H. MOZLEY, Atlanta, Ga. 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by druggists.

## A Prominent Minister Writes:

After ten years of great suffering from indigestion, with great nervous prostration, biliousness, disordered kidneys and constipation, I have been cured by Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir, and am now a well man.

Rev. C. C. DAVIS, Edm. M. E. Church South, No. 25 Tenth St., Atlanta, Ga.

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## ARLINGTON INSTITUTE,

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

228 S. Washington and 621 Duke st.

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Primary Department for little girls under special teacher.

Music Department in charge of Mrs. M. E. Wailor, of New England Conservatory.

For catalogue, giving terms and course of study, apply to Miss KEBBECA C. POWELL, Principal.

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Will open a SCHOOL for a limited number of LITTLE BOYS and GIRLS on Sept. 8, aug22 co2w

MRS. GILMER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Roxboro, Va.

Opens Sept. 15th, 1890.